Alexandria DAILY Gazette, Commercial & Political.

VOL X.] THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1810. [2715

Sales at Vendue.

On every Tuesday and Friday,

WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day——All kinds of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

Wanted to Hire for the ensuing Year,

A NEGRO MAN, who can work in the house, and take care of horses. Apply to the PRINTER.

November 14. d

FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for sale,

Malaga Raisins in kegs,

Muscatel and Bloom Raisins in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

Charles Slade & Thos. Grimshaw,

HAVING entered into partnership in the ROPE MAKING BUSINESS, offer for sale, at their store on Merchants' wharf, a general assortment of CORDAGE and SHIP-CHANDLERY, at which place, or at their rope-walk, they will receive orders for any description of Cordage warranted to be made out of the best materials and manufactured in such a manner as will bear the inspection of the best judges.

N. B. A liberal price will be always given for HEMP of the best quality.

November 24 d

Just Published,

[Price 12 and a half Cents.]

For sale, at R. GRAY'S Bookstore, King-street,

A Discourse on the Resurrection of the Body;

By the Rev. Samuel Stanhope Smith, President of Princeton College.

November 10.

A NEW NOVEL.

Just Published, and for Sale by

COTTOM & STEWART,

Price 1 Dollar,

GLENCARN;

OR

THE DISAPPOINTMENTS OF YOUTH,

A NOVEL.

By George Watterston, Esq.

Of Washington City,

Author of the Lawyer and Child of Feeling.

The celebrity of this author's "LAWYER," and "CHILD OF FEELING" induced the publishers to engage in this work, and without detracting from the merits of the former, feel themselves justified in stating that his GLENCARN is superior to either. It is submitted without further recommendation, with a wish, that the American reviewers may give further encouragement to this young gentleman's endeavors to entertain instruct and moralize his fellow citizens, in a way seemingly well calculated to attract their attention.

Feb. 6.

A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the western country, will sell the FARM on which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles from Alexandria, 9 from George Town ferry, and about the same from the Potomac bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, containing about 470 acres, on which is a convenient dwelling house, large enough for a genteel family, together with all the outhouses suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of apple trees of selected fruit, together with different other fruit trees, a proportion of improved meadow for the scythe, and a large portion more may easily be made. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by application to Mr JOHN DULIN, adjoining the said farm, or the subscriber on the premises.

E. Dulin.

dtf.

June 2.

STAVE YARD.

CASH will be given for any quantity of white and red oak hogshead and barrel Staves and Heading, by

James Harper,

On wharf north of Hunter's ship yard.

Who expects a quantity of

Tar and Pitch, and intends keeping regularly a supply of these articles.

February 2. d

LANDING

From the Norfolk Packet and for sale by

Lawrason and Fowle;

15 hhds. Retailing MOLASSES,

100 boxes Fresh Muscatel RAISINS.

January 8.

MILITARY LANDS.

FOR SALE,

Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land,

Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 13.

Joseph H. Mandeville,

Offers for sale the following articles, by wholesale or retail.

3000 bush. Lisbon and Liverpool Salt
20000 lbs Green Coffee, in barrels and bags
5000 Goshen Cheese, of excellent quality in casks
1000 New England do. do.
200 bbls. of Herrings, Shad and Mackarel
50 tons Plaister Paris
20 bales prime Upland Georgia Cotton.
10 hhds. Jamaica, Antigua and Demarara Rum
4 pipes French and ditto Brandy
15 hhds. Muscovado Sugar
50 bbls. do. do. different qualities
2 hhds. Copperas

Gunpowder, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin, } TEAS.

Madeira, Lisbon, Claret, and Catalonia } WINES,

Holland and Country Gin
New England Rum in hhds and bbls.
Peach and Apple Brandy in bbls.
Martinique Cordials, in boxes
Loaf and Lump Sugar, Havannah Honey per gallon, Figblue,
Molasses in hhds. Spanish Flotant Indigo, Spanish Cigars, Butter,
Harris's and Taylor's manufactured Tobacco in kegs,
Gunpowder and Shot of different sizes,
Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Pepper, Pimento, Chocolate Nos. 1 and 3, Mould and Dipt Candles,
Malaga Raisins in boxes,
Pipes in boxes, 3 gross each,
Hingham box's, Hamilton's Garrett's and Leiper's Snuff in bottles,
London and Philadelphia Mustard,
Writing and Wrapping Paper,
Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c.

ALSO,

A constant supply of WATER CRACKERS and best SUPERFINE FLOUR, by retail, and

30 hhds. of Maryland and Virginia Tobacco.

November 20.

☞ Intending to remove to the town of Alexandria I wish to sell a lease of 3 years of *Sebastian Spring Tavern*, with 15 acres thereto belonging. Any person inclined to purchase will meet with a bargain, and may be supplied with a number of articles suitable to Tavern keeping.

A. LINDO.

January 22. d

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE BY

CHARLES I. CATLETT,

75 chests Imperial, Hyson, & Young Hyson Teas.
30,000 lbs. prime Green Coffee.
20 pipes and 8 quarter casks Lisbon and Teneriffe Wine.
8 hogsheads Muscovado Sugar.
2000 lbs. Seine Twine.
50 boxes Mould Candles.
50 do. Spanish Segars.
8 barrels Pimento.

October 16.

FOR FREIGHT,

The staunch, fast sailing SCHOONER

General Johnston,

Burthen about one hundred tons, Stephen L. Davis, master.—Apply to

John G. Ladd.

January 4.

For Sale, Freight or Charter,

The BRIG

PRESAGE,

Well found and nearly new, burthen 1500 barrels, laying at M'Clean's wharf. For terms apply to

Tenny & Ober, or

Daniel M'Clean.

Landing from the above vessel, and for sale,

13 hhds. COFFEE,
40 bags COCOA, and
3 puncheons RUM.

Tenny & Ober.

January 12.

For Freight or Charter,

The Barque

George William,

Burthen 160 tons,

STEPHEN HOPKINS, Master.

Apply to

John G. Ladd,

Who has for sale, now landing from said barque,

118 quarter casks first quality Sherry Wine
40 chests Young Hyson, Hyson and Imperial Teas, of the latest importation.

The above entitled to debenture.

Dec. 30.

JAMES BACON

Begs leave to inform his former customers and friends, that he has

Recommenced the Grocery Business,

At his Store on King near Washington-street.

WHERE HE OFFERS FOR SALE,

A well chosen assortment of goods, in that line,

Warranted genuine, particularly his

TEAS, WINES & LIQUORS,

Which are of a superior quality—He will dispose of each and every article on the most moderate terms.

May 2. dtf.

ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in wood. No land is better adapted to the use of Plaister of Paris, and there is some very valuable meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Foote, esq. upon the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14. d

☞ BUTTER.

4000 lbs. firkin Butter, in good shipping order.

20 boxes Dixon's fresh Mustard.
40 kegs Leiper's & Garret's Snuffs,

Just received by

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of King and Fairfax-streets.

With a general assortment of Groceries as usual.

November 28.

NOTICE.

LAST NIGHT between the hours of seven and eight o'clock, was stolen from the house formerly occupied by Mr Lawes, now occupied by Miss Helen Gullatt, two Bed-quilts, one of which being remarkable had a large sized leaf with a dark ground diamond, being also of furniture calico, and quilted by the leaf, also by the diamond—the other being a diamond and star, with a large star in the center, quilted chiefly in shells—also a basket and linen sheet. Whoever will apprehend the thief, and deliver the things to this office, or to Miss Helen Gullatt, shall be generously rewarded. Should they be offered for sale, it is requested they may be stopped and information given as above mentioned.

February 9.

☞ Printing in all its variety, neatly executed at this office.

PROPOSAL,

BY

SOLOMON MYER,

For publishing by Subscription, at the Capital of the United States,

A

POLITICAL MAGAZINE.

CONDITIONS:

THE work to appear on large octavo, of at least thirty-two pages to each number—ten numbers are contemplated to a session of Congress, or probable in a year—the publication to commence in *March* next—the subscription will be TWENTY-FIVE CENTS a number, *paid in advance*—no less than four numbers can be subscribed for—subscribers to ten copies will receive one gratis.

The editor, altho' a *writer* and a printer, will promise no great literary performance; as he has to acknowledge, to this day, the slender schooling of his youth: but must insist on a valuable magazine of *political* information.

February 14.

Ten Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 19th day of January last, an apprentice boy, named *William Weightman*, between 18 and 19 years of age, stout and well made; had on a brown cloth jacket and trowsers. The above reward, with reasonable charges, will be paid for apprehending and bringing home said runaway.

Levi Talbot.

N. B. All masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring, employing, or carrying him off, as they will be prosecuted for so doing.

February 13. 3t.

The Subscriber

Has received the following articles:

New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality
Mississippi Cotton of the first quality
Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin
London Particular Madeira, Sherry, Lisbon } WINES
Superior Claret in cases
Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Souchong, & Bohea } TEAS.
Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels
Gunpowder
P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 9
Mould Shot, B. L. and S. S. G.
Salt Petre, double refined
Spanish Flotant Indigo
Copperas of the 1st quality
Fresh Nutmegs
Pimento and black Pepper,
Demijohns,

With a general assortment of GROCERIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits, Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles.

The above articles will be sold very low by the wholesale or retail.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.

James Sanderson.

Nov. 3 d

FOR SALE,

A LIKELY GIRL,

Who has been accustomed to house business from her infancy—She is honest, sober and attentive to her business. For terms apply to Mrs. MANLEY, on King street, next door to Alexander Perry.

Feb. 9. eo3t

TO BE RENTED,

For one or more years,

THAT valuable property commonly called *Jones's Point*, now occupied by JOSIAH BROWNING—Also, the *Marsh* and *Hills* adjacent. The terms will be made known by Dr. *Stephen Cooke*, near Leesburgh, Loudoun county.

The subscriber having been informed that JOSIAH BROWNING has committed various depredations on the point, that he has sold the stone which surrounded it and the soil itself, gives notice to those who have been engaged in this honorable traffic, that a repetition of it will inevitably subject them to the penalties of the law.

John R. Cooke.

December 14 [illegible]

ALEXANDRIA DAILY GAZETTE,
COMMERCIAL & POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 dollars per annum.
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15.

A LETTER
ON THE
GENIUS & DISPOSITIONS
OF THE
FRENCH GOVERNMENT, &c.

[CONTINUED.]

The fate of Spain was deferred by the unexpected resolution of Austria to risk another contest in order to preserve her existence. By that sort of infatuation on the subject of France, which in almost every country has operated like the spells of sorcery. The people of Germany, however, were not sensible of the danger with which they were threatened. It may be collected from the proclamations of the Austrian government, that a deplorable apathy prevailed among the people at the commencement of the late contest. A conviction, resulting from the clearest proof, of the ruin with which they were menaced, at length drove the latter to the necessity of laboring assiduously to establish a military system, similar to that which had contributed so materially to the superiority of their enemies. The activity of their preparations alarmed the jealousy of the French government.—It was essentially necessary for the French emperor to arrest the progress of a system, which would have placed her power more upon a level with his own, and when matured, might have opposed serious impediments to the execution of his general plans. Spain was, therefore, abandoned for the moment, and Austria reduced to the alternative, either of depriving herself of all means of defence, or of engaging in an immediate struggle for her existence.

Those who are inclined to dispute the project of universal conquest ascribed to France, and her ambitious views on Austria, argue from the seeming moderation of Bonaparte in his last war with that power. It was the common policy of his prototypes of antiquity, when similarly circumstanced. They often found it useful to weaken their enemies, so as to have nothing to fear from them, but carefully abstained from inflicting all the *possible* evil in their power. The appearance of moderation lessened the odium and the alarms which Bonaparte's immense accession of strength by the treaty of Presburg was fitted to excite in the Russian and Prussian cabinets.

I have always been of opinion that the destruction of Prussia was a sure presage of the hostilities meditated against both Austria and Russia. Prussia stood in the centre of the North. No balance could be preserved in that quarter without such an intermediate power. She was a barrier on all sides against violent usurpation, and in the meridian of her strength, was the bulwark of the West of Europe. She protected France from any ambitious designs which Russia might have formed, and served as a constant check upon Austria. It was the uniform policy of the court of Versailles to court her alliance and sustain her cause, as a security against their formidable neighbor. Their successors were well acquainted with this whole scheme of relations, and would have adhered to it, had it been their intention to tolerate any equipoise or independence in the North. Other views required an opposite course of proceeding. While Russia remained entire, Russia and Austria could not have been easily brought under the yoke; and on the other hand, it may I think be easily seen, that Prussia would not been destroyed, if the fall of the other powers had not been contemplated as an event of no distant occurrence.

(To be continued.)

"THE NEW CRISIS."

A pamphlet entitled as above, has recently been published in New York. It is written by an able politician, who not long since ranked among the most conspicuous of the ministerial party. It is an eloquent and animated exposition of our foreign relations, and the ruinous policy of our government pursued since the year 1806.

The following conclusion of this pamphlet is recommended to the attention and serious perusal of our readers.

"Such are the views and conduct of our executive; such the patience and suffering of the nation. What the issue will be, God only knows. That we are charmed by the Corsican serpent, I am sure; and that we are destined, by the measures of our executive, to fall a prey, like other nations, to his wiles and force, I have fearful apprehensions. England will not, in all probability, send out another minister. Why should she? We have then no prospect of an adjustment of our differences with her, unless, utterly abandoning the imperial councils by which we are governed, and relinquishing the commercial warfare with which we are cursed, we meet her upon those equitable conditions which, thro' Messrs. Munroe and Pinkney, she proposed to us in December, 1806. We cannot, however, expect this while the president obtains support from party leaders, who derive emolument from the calamities of their country, and from party dupes who may be the cause of its ruin. But to new measures new men are essential. A change in the administration of *this* state, would occasion a change of measures in the national government. *To effect so much good, no effort should be spared.* Party distinctions should be merged in the superior considerations of public safety. Party men should elevate their ideas to the nation, which from the brink of the grave, now calls upon them for assistance. No aid can be expected from the President, who whether knowingly and designedly or not, is pushing the nation into an abyss of perdition. I think I see her in the sorrow-exciting plight of Holland; first deluded and next conquered. He who loves his country, should, like me, momentarily abstract himself from *party discipline*. Power should be shifted when power is abused. Upon this principle Dr. Johnson declared, that had he lived in the reign of queen Ann, he would have been a whig—merely to assist in counteracting tory excesses. What could be more wise? In '98 I opposed the *reign of terror*, helped to achieve the victory of 1800, and continued to support republican men until I found, that under that name, rank tory measures were maintained at home, & something infinitely worse abroad. Should not these be opposed by every man who values first the independence and next the freedom of his country? I am convinced that if the Berlin party succeed in the approaching election of this state, either immediate war with England, so delightfully contemplated and eagerly sought, or a long continuance of our Berlin system, upon which the executive is intent, will be the natural and necessary issue. I *hope* that sufficient has not been done to *force* England to declare war against us. I trust that she will not permit herself to be forced into a measure so injurious to her, and ruinous to us. We are indeed already leagued with France in fact, if not in form. Is it true that Mr. Adams was sent to Petersburgh to concert through Alexander an alliance with Napoleon? Is it true that the project of such an alliance is now before our cabinet, and that the late and present division therein, have arisen upon it?* Whether the nation can be wrought up by executive arts to a pitch fit for the reception of an alliance with the French Emperor, no matter by what name called, whether an armed neutrality† to conquer the freedom of the seas, or, as usual, the freedom of the land, I know not. If it can, we are an undone people, and if it cannot, it will be because it must be made impossible. I feel no sort of hesitation in saying, that as an alliance with Napoleon could be considered in no other light than that of a warrant for our national execution, it ought to be *duly* resisted by every man who sets any value on his liberty and life.

That it will come to an alliance, even if the project be not now before the cabinet at Washington, is certain, unless the amazing career of the President can be arrested.—Every act of recession of amity with England propels us to a coalition with France. War against England and an alliance with France are unavoidably one and the same thing——And what advantage could we gain from war with England? If we take possesion of the territories in the North, can she not ravage our extended coast?—Can she not inflict as much injury upon us as we can inflict upon her? But, joining our arms to those of Napoleon, we can *destroy her*: so say the President and his Berlin friends! Granted—I will admit that which is impossible in fact: she is then dead: say so. What now can prevent Napoleon from turning upon us and annihilating us in turn? Recollect that one half of our population is French at heart—affected with the mania—rotten to the core, and that two-thirds of the other are seized with despair: What then could we do? What if we were healthful—national—united—vigorous? What are our means? We have no money in the treasury; the able man who is at the head of our fiscal department tells us so; and that whether we have war or peace we must resort to LOANS.—— Could we prevent a landing in our territory? Where are our ships? Do not forget that England is gone, and that the UNIVERSAL CONQUEROR is in possession of her fleet. Where then are *our* ships wherewith to keep off the swarms with which the modern Attila would overwhelm us? Do you turn to our philosophical gun boats? This is no time for laughing. Do you rely on Torpedoes? Would you risk your all on a "*flat scow*?" You cannot then keep them off: the legions of honor and dishonor land. What will you do with them? Twenty-five millions of Germans, well armed and disciplined, and conducted by experienced generals, have been vanquished. Eighty millions on the continent have been made either to bite the dust, or quietly to be ground into powder. Could *we* triumph when *they* have perished?

But we will have war with England and no alliance with France: very well; if that be possible let it be so. Look at what must follow: Old Spain is conquered:—Yes, we have rendered all the aid we could towards the conquest and rejoiced at the event. The Floridas belong to France, who will pour into them a sufficient number of troops to menace Cuba and Mexico, if not us. Would you permit French troops to occupy the Floridas? If we do we are a ruined nation; and if we do not we come into contract with France, and must therefore make peace with England upon such terms as we could get. This would be inevitable. And we ought not in case of war with the French in the Floridas to calculate on the interposition of the British navy, to prevent reinforcements. It would be her interest, & undoubtedly her policy, to permit France to annoy us. And who should lead our armies? Wilkinson. The man who as commander in chief has already sold himself to Spain! Could HE resist the allurements of Napoleon? Would not the insignia of the legions of honor purchase him? We have now no WASHINGTON.—What then might become of our republican institutions? Would they be in no danger? Might not some Napoleon arise amongst us, and, amid the clangor of arms, finish our party contests by seating himself upon a throne.

This is indeed a *Crisis*. In whatever light the measures of the executive are viewed, they are ruinous. I have described the cause and developed the design.—Shall it be accomplished? The NATION only can answer. Good men will do their duty. He that loves his country cannot now be remiss.

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* Messrs. Gallatin and Hamilton are said to be opposed, and the President and his Secretary Smith for it. The *Doctor* who is Secretary at *War*, is neuter.

† Mr. Sawyer, a member of the house of representatives from North Carolina, and one of the president's friends, said in the house, he was *afraid* that Napoleon would convene a congress to establish the *armed neutrality*, without permitting us to participate in it." See Mr Lang's Gazette of January 19, 1810, where the speech is reported. The infatuated representative was suffered to make the slavish and atrocious remark without a rebuke. What can we expect from the ruling party, when we find its representatives in congress thus inviting national subjugation? What can Bonaparte think of us but that we are ripe for his purposes? Sawyer was an advocate for the embargo, as well as for all the other congenial measures of Mr. Jefferson and his successor.

☞ PRINTING in all its various branches, handsomely executed with accuracy and despatch.

VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

ACTS OF A PUBLIC NATURE
Passed at the Present Session.

[*Abridged from the Originals for the Argus.*]

[CONTINUED.]

17. An act legalizing certain official acts performed by Edw. C. Davis as Register of the Land Office, and for other purposes.

This act authorises the executive to employ some person to bring up the Land office, as it respects the recording of plats and certificates of survey.

Several bills, on subjects of a general nature, which had occupied much of the time of the legislature, were finally lost either in the House of Delegates or the Senate.

1. A bill which had for its object an increase of the number of judges in the Court of Appeals from three to five, and which was called for by petitions from various parts of the state, passed by the House of Delegates. The bill provided that the Court of Appeals should commence its session at a certain time and sit till the business was gone through, with power to adjourn for short periods only—provided that the judges should sit at least 200 days in the year, if business required it. The salary, which before was 2500 dollars a year, was reduced to 2000 dollars. The Senate proposed an amendment, so as to give the former salary of 2500 dollars. The House of Delegates disagreed to the amendment: the Senate insisted on it, and proposed a free conference—the House of Delegates then insisted on their disagreement, and passed a resolution agreeing to a free conference. The conferees having met, the chairman of the committee from the House of Delegates reported that he was instructed to recommend to the house that they adhere to their disagreement to the Senate's amendment, which was accordingly done by a majority of 19 votes. The Senate in like manner, adhered to their amendment by a large majority. A proposition was afterwards made by the House of Delegates (which was declared to be parliamentary, in important cases,) for another conference with the Senate. The conferees from the House of Delegates proposed a modification of the bill, so as to make the salary 2250 dollars, those from the Senate would not agree to any reduction—and the bill was finally lost—neither house agreeing to recede from the ground they had originally taken.

2. A bill to permit the introduction of slaves in this state, where they had been acquired by marriage, descent, or devise, or where persons were removing hither with an intention to remain, passed the house of delegates: ayes 92, noes 78. But it was lost in the senate by a majority of one vote. This bill grew out of a number of petitions, praying that in certain cases which presented peculiar hardships, the petitioners might bring in their slaves.

3. An unusual number of petitions for divorces having been presented, an attempt was made to provide, by a general law, for the taking of evidence, under the direction of a court, so as to guard against those ex parte representations which often occur before the legislature. But it was lost in the house of delegates.

To be Rented for a term of years

THAT valuable tract of Land, called *Preston*, situate on the Washington and Alexandria turnpike road, at the junction of four mile creek and Potomac river, and distant two miles from Alexandria, three from Washington and five from George Town.—There are upon the premises a two story dwelling house, containing six rooms and a passage, with a kitchen, carriage house, stables, &c. a large, handsome and highly manured garden, of at least ten acres, in a high state of cultivation, and lately laid off by an experienced gardener, an orchard containing several hundred pear, plum, cherry and damson trees, with English walnut, quince and mulberry trees, and also upwards of six hundred apple trees, and two or three hundred peach trees, selected with care from the best nurseries, and all in full bearing. The annual average product of the apple orchard alone is estimated at 400 barrels. This tract contains about 160 acres of land, a considerable part whereof has been manured and sown with clover seed. The shores afford fish and wild fowl, and one or two good fishing landings. The situation is healthy, elevated and pleasant, in full view of three towns, and is well calculated for a place of public entertainment. Immediate possession may be had and the terms will be made known upon application to

Frances Alexander.

January 22.

Alexandria Daily Gazette.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15.

Extract from the will of the Rev. OWEN F. M. MAGRATH, *late of this place, dec'd.*

"To the Corporation of the town of Alexandria, I give and bequeath my shares in the Bank of Alexandria ;* desiring that the dividends and profits arising from said shares may be appropriated by the committee appointed by the said corporation to the benefit of the poor and distressed of the said town.

"To the Washington Society in Alexandria, I give and bequeath forty dollars.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA, ss.

"I, Alexander Moore, Register of Wills for the county of Alexandria, in the district of Columbia, do certify the above bequests to be truly copied from the original last Will and Testament of the Rev. *Owen F. M. Magruth*, late of Alexandria, deceased ; which original will is on file and record in my office.

(L. S.) Given under my hand and official seal, this 14th Feb. 1810.

ALEX. MOORE, *Reg.*

* *One Thousand Dollars.*

American Ambassadors.—An American correspondent now in London, enclosing an an article, relating the manner in which Mr. Adams was received on his arrival in Russia, thus expresses himself :

"The enclosed will give you a very just idea of the opinion which some of the foreign courts have of our government. An American who has a fortune, and lives like a gentleman, is more noticed and respected at the courts of St. Cloud and St. Petersburg, than the American ambassador, because the former supports his character, and the latter is not able to support the style of a gentleman with the salary allowed to him by his government."

The following is the article enclosed in the letter, from which the preceding was extracted. It was taken from a London paper of the 22d Nov.

"Letters from St. Petersburg, of the 26th Oct. have been transmitted by the Gottenburg mails. They mention the arrival there of the American plenipotentiary, Mr. John Q. Adams, on the 23d, in the merchant ship Horace. The approach to the Russian capital of this ship and her charge had been previously announced from Carlscrona, and for a day or two previously to her appearance, guns were prepared on the rampart to give *eclat* to the landing of this new statesman ; at length, instead of a frigate, as was expected, a merchant ship with sugar and coffee hove in sight. A boat was hoisted out, and Mr. J. Q. Adams approached the shore ; but before he was suffered to land, he underwent a strict examination by the officers of the customs, who were with difficulty convinced that he was the ambassador expected from the new world. He was, however, at last permitted to land ; but the salute from the guns on shore, did not take place."

The Tilsit.—It is generally believed that this vessel, which arrived some weeks ago from Bayonne, and has lately left the Chesapeake, brought out a number of emissaries to be sent to South America, for which purpose some of them are said to have gone away in disguise. The person, however, who acted on board her as captain, remains behind, and has commenced an expensive establishment in this city. He is supposed to be the minister of Joseph Bonaparte.—Certain it is he was in the confidence of Joseph at Madrid, some few months ago, and gave and received important tokens of mutual attachment and friendship. He is said to have been introduced to Mr. Smith, the secretary of state, and the citizens of Baltimore are witnesses, that his equipage is drawn up before the door of the courtly and consequential democrats. He is not concerned in business, but has an unbounded command of money. We lay these circumstances before the public, that they may be traced, confirmed and connected with recent occurrences in the politics of this country. Our fear is that there is more rottenness in the state of Denmark, than vigilance has ever yet penetrated or suspicion imagined.

The Tilsit, on her passage to the United States, fell in with five merchant vessels ; but of the circumstances of her treatment towards them, we have been able to obtain no satisfactory details. The capture, however, of the Polly of Castine, Ebenezer Perkins, master, has already been circulated in our newspapers.

A most mortifying and degrading part of this affair is, that a vessel fresh from the commission of acts of depredation upon our defenceless commerce, should be permitted to flaunt her flag for weeks in our ports, receive supplies and without molestation proceed again to the scene of other enormities upon our people.

(Bal. Fed. Rep.)

Congress of the United States.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

WEDNESDAY, *February* 31.

[*Taken for the Alexandria Gazette.*]

At the hour of meeting the house was prevented from proceeding to business for want of the Journals of yesterday, which the clerk had lost or mislaid.

By an unanimous vote, the house proceeded to business without the journal.—It was afterwards found and read.

Mr. Johnson, from the committee of claims made several reports on petitions barred by the statute of limitation. Referred to a committee of the whole on Friday next.

Mr. Dawson, from the *torpedo* committee appointed on Mr. Fulton's letter, reported, that the house when it adjourns on Friday next adjourn until Monday next.* and that Mr. Fulton have the use of this hall on Saturday to exhibit his torpedoes, and deliver a lecture on their use and utility.

This resolution produced a long debate.

Mr. Stanford moved to postpone the subject until Friday next. This motion was withdrawn.

Mr. Rhea moved to recommit the subject to the same committee.

Mr. Dana was for recommitting the subject, as he was opposed to hearing lectures in this hall.

Mr. Fisk was for recommitting the resolution, though favorable to the project. He thought this hall was appropriated for legislation and for no other purpose.

Mr. Ross, though he joined with Mr. Fisk, that this house was devoted to the purposes of legislation, he thought it might be appropriate to the purpose of obtaining information, to enable the members to legislate understandingly.

Mr. Quincy was willing to discuss the question of the utility of torpedoes, for to his mind no other evidence of their *inutility* was necessary, than what was contained in the pamphlet published by the inventor. But he was opposed to passing a formal vote, and entering the same on record to appropriate this hall to a lecture on philosophic subjects.

Mr. Gardenier was against hearing any lectures on this floor except from members of the house. He thought there were quite lectures enough given here on all subjects. To these he was willing to give attention, and to no other.

Mr. Lyon. was convinced that Fulton could perform what he pretended, and he wished the experiment to be made immediately.

Several other gentlemen spoke on the subject, when the question on recommitment was taken and lost.

The question on the resolution reported by the committee was resumed. On motion of Mr. Lyon the resolution was divided at this mark *. The question was taken on the first part of the resolution by ayes and noes and carried. Ayes 90—Noes 29.

Before the question on the last part of the resolution was taken several gentlemen spoke. Mr. W. Alston, Mr. Ross and others were in favor of the resolution,—Mr. Key and others were against it.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

February 10, 1810.

ORDERED, That the following persons be appointed commissioners for superintending the elections to be held in the different wards of the town, on Tuesday the 6th day of March next, for the purpose of electing members of the Common Council for the ensuing year.

Charles Smith,
Richard Weightman, } *for the 1st Ward*
Samuel Harper,

William Hepburn,
John Young, } *2d do.*
Thomas White, (Merchant)

William S. Moore,
Joseph Smith, } *3d do.*
Abraham Faw,

James Laurason,
John Stewart, } *3d do.*
John Johnston,

The election for the 1st Ward to be held at the house of Jeremiah Neale, Union street—For the 3d Ward at the Council Chamber—For the 3d Ward at John Hodgkin's tavern, and the 4th Ward at the house of Mr. Hutchen's, corner of Duke and St. Asaph streets.

Extract from the minutes,

ADAM LYNN, C. C.

IN COMMON COUNCIL.

February 10*th*, 1810.

ORDERED, That the further sum of two hundred dollars be appropriated for the relief of the poor of the town of Alexandria, under the direction of the committee appointed for that purpose on the 29th January.

Extract from the minutes,

ADAM LYNN, C. C.

NOTICE.

The Committee of Council appointed to distribute relief to the Poor will meet at the Council Chamber for that purpose on Saturday next, at ten o'clock in the morning.

FOR SALE,

A handsome, NEW GIG and *Plated Harness*. Enquire of the Printer.

February 15 d4t

Five Dollars *Reward.*

STOLEN, last night, from the bar of a public house in the town of Alexandria, a *French SILVER WATCH*, No. 15745, with a gilted chain and key—the face of the watch was elegantly figured, and has pinchbeck hour and minute hands. Whoever will leave said watch with the Printer, shall receive the above reward and the thanks of the owner.

N. B. Watchmakers are requested to stop said watch should it be offered to them.

February 15.

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

ORDERED, That the executor of *Joseph Coleman*, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for 4 weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste. ALEX. MOORE, Reg.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the orphans' court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of *Joseph Coleman*, late of Alexandria, deceased : All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day of August next ; or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—And those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand, this 14th day of February, 1810.

Joseph Dean, *Ex'r.*

February 15 eo4w

ATTENTION.

Thursday the 22d inst. being the anniversary of the birth of the late Gen. GEORGE WASHINGTON, the volunteer companies will parade at the Court House square on that day at 11 o'clock in the morning, in complete uniform.

The Officers not on duty are likewise requested to attend, and join in celebrating the memory of the illustrious patriot.

ROBERT YOUNG, Maj.
3d Leg. M. D. C.

Feb. 15.

FOR SALE,

75 *Oak and Pine Logs suitable for Wharf building*—

On the wharf of JAMES KEITH, Esquire.—The person who took away TWO LOGS from said wharf, is requested to pay for the same, without further trouble, unto

Solomon Parsons.

February 14 dtf

POSTCRIPT.

Senate of the United States.

TUESDAY, *February* 13.

AMERICAN NAVIGATION BILL.

Mr. Smith of Md. from the committee to whom was referred the bill "concerning commercial intercourse with G. Britain and France, and their dependencies, and for other purposes," reported the same with an amendment (not affecting the principle of the bill) which was read. This bill is made the order of the day for Monday next.

Mr. Reid's motion for an amendment to the constitution of the U. S. was further discussed ; and on motion of *Mr. Crawford* referred to a committee for further consideration. Messrs. Reid, Crawford, Leib, Giles, and Pickering compose the committee.

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Feb. Term, 1810.

Ordered, That the executors of OWEN F. MAGRATH, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times in each week for four weeks, in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste.

Alex. Moore, Register.

This is to give Notice,

THAT the subscribers of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphan's Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of OWEN F MAGRATH, late of the county aforesaid dec'd, all persons having claims against said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers on or before the 14th day of Aug. next or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate, and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 14th day of February, 1810.

Wm. Herbert,
N. Fitzhugh,
Hugh Smith. } *Ex'rs.*

Feb. 15. eo4w

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE subscriber, after a lapse of time necessarily consumed in the preparation of his house, respectfully announces to the citizens of Alexandria, as well as the community at large, that he has taken for a term of years that noted and eligible establishment known by the name of the CITY HOTEL, and once occupied by Mr Gadsby, whose distinguished abilities as a Publican gave it an eclat which the subscriber hopes to preserve by his unremitted exertions in affording to all those who may confer on him the favor of their patronage, genteel and comfortable accommodations. The subscriber deems it unnecessary to indicate the multiplicity of conveniences attached to the City Hotel, and will only submit a description to that portion of travellers who have so generally attested its numerous advantages.

James Brook.

February 12. d

Washington Society.

THE MEMBERS of the *Washington Society*, of Alexandria, are hereby notified that their anniversary meeting will be held at Mr. Brook's hotel, in Alexandria, on Thursday, the 22d instant, at 11 o'clock, A. M. The Society will be formed in procession with the officers and privates in uniform of the second legion of Militia under the direction of the commandant, at 12 o'clock, in the court-house square, and move to the Episcopal Church, where an Oration will be delivered by ROBERT G. HARPER, Esq. a member of the Society.

G. DENEALE, *Sec'y.*

February 13

Alexandria Library Company.

The Members of the Alexandria LIBRARY COMPANY will please to take notice, that an election will be held at the Library, on Monday, 19th instant, between the hours of three and six, P. M. for a President and eleven Directors for the ensuing year.

James Kennedy, Jen.
Librarian.

February 4.

For Sale,

The following VALUABLE PROPERTY.

A TRACT OF LAND,

CONTAINING 1600 acres, more or less, called and known by the name of Buffaloe Marsh, lying within 12 miles of Winchester, in the county of Frederick, in the state of Virginia. On about 800 acres of this tract there are several very well improved farms tenanted for life or lives, the balance free of all incumbrance, including an excellent merchant mill built with stone, the whole yielding an annual rent of about 800 dollars. Much of this tract is very fertile, well watered, and all abundance of timber. It is generally rolling, but part of it is hilly and stoney, chiefly of lime stone. It will be laid off to suit purchasers.

Another tract, called Hollis's Marsh, lying in the county of Westmoreland containg about 2800 acres, bordering on the river Potomac, adjoining the Stratford estate, and the late residence of Richard Lee, esq. of Chantilly. On the estate are a number of farms and tenants at will. Part of this land is extremely fertile, and all of it as good as the lands generally are in that part of the country. The Marsh affords excellent range for stock, and is happily situated for fish and fowls of which that river abounds, and must be a desirable estate to any person who may choose to reside in that part of the country.—It will hoveverb e laid off to suit purchasers.

The above lands are held by deeds of purchase duly recorded in the general court,

Another tract containing 992 acres, lying in the county of Berkeley, adjoining the residence of Rawleigh Colston, esq. of which about 660 acres is leased for the balance of the life of an aged man, the rest tenanted at will. This land is situate in what is called the big bend of Potomac, and borders on it. In point of fertility it is esteemed inferior to none in that part of the state and is held by deed from James Marshall, esq.

Seven other tracts containing 1000 acres each, adjoining each other in the county of Mason, within a few miles of the Ohio, between the two Kanhawa's on the waters of Sandy Creek, which runs through a considerable part of it. It adjoins the lands of general Washington, and the late Benjamin Harrison, jun. esq. A large portion of it is rich bottom and the upland of very good quality. It is held under the original patentee by deeds duly recorded in the general court.

Five full & complete Shares in the Dismal Swamp Company.

Upwards of 16,000 acres of Lands, being very old military rights, lying in the states of Ohio, Kentucky and the Indiana territory, chiefly patented in my own name and ready to be shewn.

A more particular description of the foregoing property may be seen by applying to Mr. Thomas Taylor, of Richmond, who is authorized to make contracts, or to myself in Alexandria. The titles are all undoubted and the terms proposed are, one fourth in cash at the time of conveyance, the balance in three instalments, the last two to be on interest from the date. Any species of the public stock and of the different Banks in the United States of Insurance Companies—of the Potomac Bridge and Turnpike Companies will be received in payment according to their fair value. Ground rents in the city of Richmond and town of Alexandria, or Houses and Lots, will likewise be received in payment according to such rates as may be agreed upon.

John Hopkins.

July 27. 2aw6m

Just Received

And for sale by James Kennedy, sen. Bookseller, King street,

Gentlemen and Lady's Pocket Almanacs, in plain and Morocco bindings, for the year 1810.

AND

Johnson's Virginia and Farmer's Almanacs for do. containing a variety of useful and entertaining matter—by the dozen or otherwise.

ALSO,

Dr. Hooper's Physicians Vademecum—just published—a very useful Manual for young gentlemen of the faculty. Price 112 cents.

Dr. Rees's Medical Guide.

Pennington's Memoirs of Mrs. Eliza Carter.

Blair's Lectures on Rhetorick and the Belles Lettres.

Adams's Roman Antiquities.

Complete Farrier (new edition.)

Misses' Magazine—2 vols.

Porteus's Lectures on St. Matthew.

Dr. Newcome's Harmony of the Evangelists.

Mrs. West's Letters to a Young Man.

Cowper's Poems and Task—seperate, elegant miniature editions.

Mediator's Kingdom, not of this World. 37 and half cents.

December 12. 3tif

Pinkerton's Collection of Voyages and Travels,

Forming a complete History of the Origin and Progress of Discovery by Sea and Land, from the most authentic Sources.

THE first number of this valuable Work is just come to hand and is ready for inspection at the store of the subscriber, in King-street, and with Mr. *Triplet*, at the coffee-house.

Fully aware of the impositions that have been practised upon the public by strangers soliciting subscriptions from distant places; the Editors invite their examination of a Work perhaps the most useful, entertaining as well as extensive in its kind that has ever been undertaken in any country. And they flatter themselves that the American will by no means shrink from a comparison with the London edition, tho' offered at six dollars per Vol. less.

This number may be considered as a fair specimen of the execution of the work, and will be left a short time for examination, before the 2d number is put to press. After this the subscription will be raised to $2 25 each number; and but a few more copies printed than are sufficient to supply the subscribers, that the early patrons of this valuable Work may have a decided advantage—subsequent applications may therefore come too late.

It is also the intention of the Editor to annex to the last number a complete list of names of the subscribers as the patrons and encouragers of useful knowledge, the arts and literature of the United States.

Subscriptions are received by the suscriber.

James Kennedy, sen.

December 5. eotf

THOMAS PATTEN,

OFFERS FOR SALE,

The following Articles, viz.

Sherry Wine by the qr. cask or retail—really good.

Sugar in hogsheads and barrels.

Cotton in bales and by retail.

Imperial, Young Hyson, Souchong & Bohea Teas.

English Walnuts, Filberts, Almonds, Figs and Raisins.

Olives in jars.

Goshen and Rhode Island Cheese.

Netting, Knitting, and Sewing Cotton, by package or retail.

Cotton Balls in boxes.

Apples in barrels.

Pickled Salmon.

Sweet Oranges.

Fresh Lemons.

Havana Honey.

Guava Jelly.

Preserved Ginger, &c. &c.

February 13 eo8t.

New Publications,

Just received and for sale by

James Kennedy, Sen'r.

Bookseller, King-street.

William Tell, or Switzerland Delivered, an historical novel, by the celebrated Florian,

The Life of Petrarch, by Mrs. Dobson, 2 v.

The Yankey in London,

Berthollet's Researches into the laws of Chimical Affinity,

The London Dissector, or system of dissection practised in the Hospitals and Lecture Rooms of the metropolis, explained by the clearest rules for students.

Feb. 3. eod2w.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on Friday the 12th inst. a Negro Man slave named *BILL*—he calls himself *Bill Payne*, belonging to the subscriber, living in Charles county, state of Maryland. The said slave is a house servant, waits and drives a carriage very well; he is 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, small face, handsome lively eyes, is very fond of strong liquor, plays on the fiddle—had on and took with him one suit of blue nankeens, a dark cloth coat and overalls, two jackets of Bennett's cord, two India cotton shirts, one with ruffles, one pair of good boots, one hat half worn, and sundry other wearing apparel, not sufficiently known to be well described. The said slave took a fiddle with him, and it is expected that he intends to go to Frederick Town (Maryland). The above reward will be paid for securing the said slave in any public jail, and reasonable charges if brought to me in Charles county.

Priscilla H. Courts.

January 23. (*Feb.* 1,) eo3w.

Marine Insurance Company of Alexandria.

INSURANCE OFFICE, Jan. 3, 1810.

THE stockholders in this institution are hereby notified that the directors have this day declared a dividend of eight per cent on that part of the capital stock now paid, for the last six months—which will be ready to be paid to the stockholders or their legal representatives in ten days from this date.

By order,

J. B. Nickolls, *Sec'y.*

January 4. eo

GRAND LOTTERY,

Three Prizes of 25,000 Dolls. each.

STATE OF NEW-YORK,

Union College Lottery, No. I.

MANAGERS.

William W. Gilbert, Benjamin Dewitt, George Merchant, | *Isaac Denniston,* AND *Stephen Thorne.*

SCHEME.

3	Prizes of	$25,000 is	$75,000
1		10,000	10,000
1		5 000	5,000
4	250 Tickets each,	7 000	7,000
2		2,000	4,000
5		1,000	5,000
28		500	14,000
30		200	6,000
50		100	5,000
100		50	5,000
200		20	4,000
10,500		10	105,000
10,924	Prizes,		245,000
24,076	Blanks,		
35,000	Tickets, at 7 dollars, is		245,000

Less than 2 1-4 blanks to a prize; subject to a deduction of 15 per cent. Prizes payable 30 days after the conclusion of the drawing.

OF THE ANNEXED PRIZES.

1st drawn No. 10th day of drawing, entitled to $1,000.

1st do. 15th do. 250 Tickets from No. 1 to No. 250, inclusive.*

1st do. 20th do. 250 do. from No. 251 to 500, inclusive.

1st do. 25th do. 550 do. from No. 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive

1st do 30th do. 250 do. from No. 22,251 to 22,500, inclusive.

1st do. 35th do. Cash, 25,000 dolls.

1st do. 40th do. 1000

1st do. 45th do. 25,000

First 4000 Blanks drawn to be entitled to a Ten Dollar prize each.

☞ The drawing will commence in the City of New York on the third Tuesday in April next, and will continue to draw 600 Tickets each day (except the last day, when there will remain 800 to be drawn) until finished.

TICKETS for sale by R. GRAY, Bookseller, King street, Alexandria, where all tickets sold by him may be examined, and information obtained respecting the Lottery during the drawing, free of expence. Prizes in the Baltimore College Lottery will be taken at their full value for Tickets in this Lottery, and the difference paid in cash. Cash will also be advanced for prizes as soon as drawn, at a moderate discount.

Present price of tickets eight dollars.

January 1.

* Should the first number, on the 15th day of drawing, be either of the numbers from 1 to 250, inclusive, then, in that case, the next drawn number (not one of those numbers) shall draw, and be entitled to the 250 tickets, with the prizes and blanks that may be drawn to them previous to the 15th day of drawing; and in the like manner with tickets for the 20th, 25th, and 30th days of drawing; so that a person with one ticket may draw One Thousand Tickets! Question—How? Answer—Suppose No. 11,175, is the property of *A*, the first drawn number on the 15th day of drawing, which wil entitle *A* to the numbers from 1 to 250; and the first drawn number on the 20th day of drawing, may be No 175, which will entitle him to the numbers from 251 to 500. The first drawn number, on the 25th day, may be No. 375, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,001 to 22,250, inclusive; and the first drawn number, on the 30th day of drawing, may be one of the 750 tickets already drawn, which will entitle him to the numbers from 22,250 to 22,500—Yes, sir, and the thousand tickets may draw One Hundred Thousand Dollars!

Orphans' Court,

Alexandria County, Dec. Term, 1809.

Ordered, that the executor of Wm. Fitzhugh of Chatham, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for eight weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Teste,

Alex. Moore, Regiſter.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county letters testamentary on the estate of Wm. Fitzhugh, Esquire, of Chatham, late of the county aforesaid, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to Alexander Moore, Register of Wills of Alexandria, on or before the 23d day of June next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit of said estate. And those indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment. Given under my hand this 23d day of December, 1809.

Robert Randolph,

Executor of Wm. Fitzhugh, of Chatham.

Public Sale.

THE subscriber, by virtue of a deed of trust to him from Mr. *William Hodgson*, dated on the 10th day of November, in the year 1808, for the purpose of indemnifying Mr. John Hopkins—will, on FRIDAY, the 26th April next, at the hour of twelve o'clock of that day, if fair; if not, on the next fair day at the same hour, proceed to sell, at the court-house, in Alexandria, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money, three thousand acres of LAND, situate on the left fork of Big Sandy Creek, which land was, at the time of the grants for the same, in the county of Monongalia, in the state of Virginia.

The above tracts of land were granted by the state of Virginia, to John Allison by three several patents containing respectively one thousand acres, and bearing date on the 3d day of October, 1784, which land has been since duly conveyed to the said William Hodgson by deed dated 2d of August, 1790.

Edmund J. Lee, *Trustee.*

Nov. 27. eots

☞ The editors of the Federal Republican and National Intelligencer, will publish this advertisement and send their accounts to this office.

Public Sale.

UNDER the authority of a deed of trust from *Samuel Bailey* to us, for the purpose of securing the payment of certain debts to *William Wilson*, surviving administrator of *Cumberland Wilson*, deceased, and to *Benjamin Botts*, we will offer at public sale, for cash, on the 19th day of March next, at the front door of the court-house, in Fairfax county, a TRACT OF LAND, in the said county, described in the deed as situated on Occoquan Creek, adjoining to the town of Colchester, and devised to the said *Samuel Bailey* by his father *William Bailey*—supposed to contain four hundred acres.

Thomas Harrison, jun.

R. L. Taylor.

December 8. eots

VALUABLE PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

A three story BRICK WAREHOUSE at the corner of Union and Prince-streets; 28 feet front upon Prince, and 44 feet 4 inches front upon Union-street. Occupied by Jonathan and David Ross.

A HOUSE and LOT occupied by Jacob Leap; this Lot fronts 34 feet 4 inches on Union-street, and 97 feet 8 inches on a 20 feet alley; it will be sold altogether, or divided as may best suit purchasers.

A vacant LOT binding on Duke, Patrick, and Wolt-streets, being one-fourth of a square.

For terms apply to

John Janney.

1 mo. 19. lawtf

District of Columbia,

County of Alexandria, Jan. 26, 1810.

WAS committed to the jail of this county as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself JOHN GILAT, and says he is the property of Mr. *Edward Ambler*, of Jamestown, Virginia—he is about 40 years of age, five feet eight inches high, had on a jacket and pantaloons of negro green cotton, and an old brown cloak; he had two horses with him, which he was offering for sale. The owner is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

James Campbell, *Jailor.*

January 29. law2w.

Public Sale.

At one o'clock, P. M. on SATURDAY the 10th day of February next, the subscriber will offer for sale, at the coffee house,

A Lot of Ground on the north side of King street, between Fairfax & Water streets, extending in front on King street 34 feet 4 inches, in depth 90 feet, bounded on the north by Ramsay's alley.

The sale will be made under a deed of trust to the subscriber, and an indisputable title conveyed to the purchaser. A credit of three, six, and 9 months will be allowed on good negotiable notes with an approved endorser. A lien on the property will be retained until payment.

R. L. Taylor.

January 18. 2awts

505 Acres of Land for Sale.

I WISH TO SELL the above quantity of LAND, situated near the road leading from Georgetown to Alexandria, and about an equal distance from each town.

This property is fully one half covered with wood, which will render it an advisable purchase, on the terms that I will sell it.

George H. Terrett, Esq will shew the land to any gentleman who shes to see it, and will give the necessary information.

George H. Chapman.

December 16.